105TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. CON. RES. 202

Expressing the sense of the Congress that the Federal Government should acknowledge the importance of at-home parents and should not discriminate against families who forego a second income in order for a mother or father to be at home with their children.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 27, 1998

Mr. Goodling (for himself, Mrs. Johnson of Connecticut, Mr. Greenwood, Mr. Cook, Mr. Blunt, Mr. Wolf, Mr. Hefley, Mr. Gallegly, Mr. Pitts, Mr. Snowbarger, Mr. Shuster, Mr. Largent, and Mr. Bunning) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the Congress that the Federal Government should acknowledge the importance of at-home parents and should not discriminate against families who forego a second income in order for a mother or father to be at home with their children.

Whereas studies have found that quality child care, particularly for infants and young children, requires a sensitive, interactive, loving, and consistent caregiver;

Whereas most parents meet and exceed the aforementioned criteria, circumstances allowing, parental care marks the best form of child care;

- Whereas the recent National Institute for Child Health and Development study found that the greatest factor in the development of a young child is "what is happening at home and in families";
- Whereas a child's interaction with his or her parents has the most significant impact on their development, any Federal child care policy should enable and encourage parents to spend more time with their children;
- Whereas 48 percent of mothers with preschool children under the age of 5 are full-time at-home parents and another 34 percent of mothers work part-time in order to spend more time with their preschool children;
- Whereas a large number of low- and middle-income families sacrifice a second full-time income so that the mother may be at home with her child;
- Whereas the average income of 2-parent families with a single income is \$20,000 less than the average income of 2-parent families with two incomes;
- Whereas only 30 percent of preschool children are in paid child care and the remaining 70 percent of preschool children are in families that do not pay for child care, many of which are low- to middle-income families struggling to provide child care at home;
- Whereas child care proposals should not provide financial assistance solely to the 30 percent of families that pay for child care and should not discriminate against families in which children are cared for by an at-home parent; and
- Whereas any congressional proposal that increases child care funding should provide financial relief to families that sacrifice an entire income in order that a mother or fa-

ther may be at home for their young child: Now, therefore, be it

1 Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the Congress recognizes that— 2 3 (1) many American families make enormous 4 sacrifices to forego a second income in order to have 5 a parent care for their child at home; 6 (2) there should be no bias toward at-home par-7 ents; 8 (3) child care assistance, when provided to fam-9 ilies, should be provided regardless of whether a 10 child is cared for by an at-home parent, family mem-11 ber, neighbor, or child care center; 12 (4) a key component to any quality child care 13 proposal should include financial relief for those 14 families where there is an at-home parent; and 15 (5) mothers and fathers who have chosen and 16 continue to choose to be at home should be ap-17 plauded for their efforts.

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